

## A SOLID SOUTH.

## THE STATE OF GEORGIA GOES DEMOCRATIC.

The Colored Republicans Said to Have Refused to Vote the Ticket of the Third Party.

Governor Northern Carries Tom Watson's Calamity District by Over Four Thousand Majority.

A Kingman County Alliance Man Tells How Governor McKinley Breaks the Sugar Market—Candidates Close Refuses to Get Off the Track in the First District—Commissioner Peck Again Figuring—Political Points.

## WEATHER BULLETIN.

WEATHER BUREAU, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WICHITA, KAN., Oct. 5, 1892. Forecast for Wichita and vicinity—Fair, with nearly stationary temperature until Saturday.

During the past 24 hours the highest temperature was 82°, the lowest 51°, and the mean 68°, with cloudless weather, light southeast winds and a slight fall in pressure.

For the past four years the average temperature for the month of October has been 72°, and for the 31st day 72°.

FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer. WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The following are the indications until 8 p. m. Thursday:

For Kansas—Fair, continued warm; southwest winds Thursday; probably cooler on Friday.

For Missouri—Fair; south winds, warmer in western portion.

## THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 5.—Bullington from every part of the state announces that the vote polled in the state election today was the heaviest in many years. The Democrats claim the state by from 30,000 to 50,000 majority. The total vote of this county was 3,250, of which the third party polled only 200. Governor Northern and the entire state ticket have 3,000 majority. The colored Republicans repudiated the deal with the third party made by the leaders and openly voted the straight Democratic ticket. The Democrats are jubilant over the tremendous defeat of the third party in this section of the state.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 5.—The report comes from the Fifth ward that H. S. Glover, a third party man, fatally shot Folomus Henry Hood during an election dispute today. Another killing occurred at the poor house precinct, six miles from the city. A number of Democratic negroes, led by Dan Bowles, were marching to the polls, when eight or ten third party negroes, led by Isaac Horton, rushed into the Democratic line, Horton struck Bowles twice and was preparing to strike him the third time when Bowles drew a pistol and shot Horton dead. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 5.—Governor Northern's majority in the tenth district will be probably 4,800. This is Congressman Watson's district and is recognized as the stronghold of the third party in Georgia. The majority of Northern over Peck, the third party candidate, indicates that the district will go Democratic in November. The Democrats carry the state by from 30,000 to 50,000 majority.

COLUMBIA, Ga., Oct. 5.—In this county the Democratic majority will be between 1,200 and 1,500. A number of negroes voted the Democratic ticket, openly though some were influenced by Bowles' circular instructing them to vote for the third party candidates, as it was to the interest of the negroes to have the majority of the intelligent negroes were not swayed from their convictions and cast Democratic ballots. This was the case in the various counties throughout this district.

Catahochee and Marion counties, which are considered the strongest third party counties in the district, have been swept by the Democrats. There is great rejoicing among the Democrats over the result.

ATLANTA, Oct. 5.—Returns from seventy-five counties out of a total of 137 give a Democratic majority of 30,000. The Democratic majority is undoubtedly between 50,000 and 60,000. The third party will probably carry six or eight counties for the legislature, and it is estimated that their strength will be twenty members out of 175. The Constitution reports at this point indicate that the Democrats have carried the entire eleven congressional districts in the state, and that the few of which there is any doubt is the tenth, represented by Thomas Watson.

## KINGMAN COUNTY POLITICS.

KINGMAN, Kan., Oct. 5.—(Special.)—One of the very intelligent members of the calamity party in this county advanced what might be termed an original idea to account for the reduction in the price of sugar following the going into effect of the McKinley tariff, when he asserted on the streets that "McKinley bought up two car loads of sugar and threw it on the market at cut rates, the day his tariff law went into operation." The calamity party has statesmen in its ranks, and no mistake.

Professor Gaines, the fusion candidate for state superintendent of schools, spoke to a fair sized audience in the opera house in this city last Saturday night. A fair comparison between the crowd out to hear the professor and the one on the Wednesday night preceding to hear Congressman Allen would be to say that there was not more than one-third as many people at the Gaines meeting as at the Allen meeting. The professor's address was a pleasant talker, but he all his party, sets up the calamity wall. The yellow "Stand Up for Kansas" badges irritate him as much as they do Simpson.

The Republican meeting held in this city the night Congressman Allen spoke was a surprise in numbers to the Republicans and a crusher on the Democrats. The crowds on the streets during the time the torchlight procession was moving was the largest ever assembled at a night meeting in this city. At the close of the procession the doors of the Grand opera house were thrown open and it was soon demonstrated that the house was not large enough to hold much over one-half of the people present. To look upon the enthusiastic Republicans present at this night—some residing fifteen miles distant from the city—was enough to convince the most skeptical that Kingman county public opinion is in favor of the McKinley ticket.

If you want to see the countenance of a Kingman populist take on a gloomy look mention to him that the McKinley ticket is the ticket of the Republican party. Mr. Stout is conceded to be one of the closest figures on elections in this county and he says that Simpson has no chance of carrying any majority over Long in Kingman county, and that most, if not all, the Republican ticket in this county will be elected.

Shortly following President Harrison's nomination for re-election Mr. Stout announced his intention of voting for the Harrison electors, stating as his reason that he could not and would not give half a vote to Cleveland. Mr. Stout has been running the Alliance mills. This being the case, some of the leaders in the calamity party interviewed him, and he informed them that it was his intention to support the Republican national ticket. Shortly following this interview Mr. Stout took a trip to the mountains. During his absence a scheme was put on foot through some of the sub-alliances in this county to boycott his flour, and when he returned it was not long ere he learned that those whom he had classed as friends and supporters were working to bring about his financial ruin.

Since the Republican convention in this county has been so full of cheerful looks as in the days preceding that time. Among the delegates to that convention they recognized several men who during the past year were strongly against the third party. These men went off with them in 1890, believing that they could better their condition. They gave two reasons for their change of opinion. One was that they had discovered the utter impossibility of this or any other government's keeping on a solid footing, financially. If directed in the channel mapped out by the McKinley platform, and being convinced on that point, they were ready to return to the fold of the party which has really made the government what it is.

## CLOSE'S CANDIDACY.

ATLANTA, Oct. 5.—Fred Close, the People's party candidate for congress in the first district today, in a public statement, said that he had no intention of withdrawing from the race. He said that he had no intention of withdrawing from the race. He said that he had no intention of withdrawing from the race.

## THE CHOCTAW COUNCIL.

TUSKALOOMA, I. T., Oct. 4.—Everything is quiet here now. All parties have laid down their arms and agreed to keep the peace. The Choctaw council is now in session. The Choctaw council is now in session.

## A VALUABLE REMEDY.

Hon. Edmund L. Pitts, the President of the New York state senate, writes: "STATE OF NEW YORK SENATE CHAMBER, ALBANY, March 11, 1891. I have used ALKALOID'S PINK PILLS in my family for the past five years, and can truthfully say they are a valuable remedy and effect great cures. I would not hesitate to recommend them to my friends and acquaintances, given some to friends suffering with weak and lame backs, and they have invariably obtained certain and speedy recovery. They cannot be too highly commended."

## THURSTON AT TOPEKA.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 5.—Hon. John M. Thurston of Nebraska was the orator at the first large indoor meeting of the campaign here, tonight, and spoke for two hours to an audience that crowded the Grand Opera house, the largest auditorium of the city, to the doors. The Republicans are highly pleased with the success of the meeting.

## SLUSH MONEY WANTED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The managers of the People's party in New York have appealed to the free silver men for \$100,000 to use in the 1,165 election districts of the city. Committee men Spencer and Weston have submitted a detailed statement of the needs of the People's party to the moneyed men who are in sympathy with the party on the silver question.

## SECRETARY FOSTER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Secretary Foster has accepted an invitation to make addresses in Ohio, Kansas and Missouri, but dates have not yet been fully settled upon.

## THE WRONG SIDE OF FIFTY.

Reader, have you just tested the medium of feet? You just tested stiff, your muscles and sinews losing their elasticity? Are you troubled with lumbago? Are you, in short, in daily occasional receipt of any of those admonitions which nature gives to remind people that they are growing old? It is a true course of Hooper's stomach and bowels, a most general and agreeable mitigator of the infirmities of age, a most potent promoter of convalescence, and an efficient agent in counteracting bodily decay. Good digestion, sound sleep, hearty appetite, freedom from rheumatic twinges, are among the benign fruits that spring from the use of this powerful tonic of this superb tonic and corrective which has received the unqualified sanction of the medical fraternity. Give it the fair trial that it deserves and you will be grateful for this advice.

## HOME AND FOREIGN.

## AFFAIRS IN VENEZUELA GOING FROM BAD TO WORSE.

Admiral Walker's Fleet Ordered to Remain There Until an Improvement Occurs.

Financial Matters in Samoa in a Decidedly Tangled Condition—The Germans and the King.

Premier Gladstone Gives Chamorro M. Depew as Authority for His Belief That America is Almost Unanimously in Favor of Home Rule for Ireland—The Austro-German Rivalry Contest—Foreign Notes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—It was rumored about the state department this afternoon that news had been received from Venezuela to the effect that the disturbances, which had quieted down, have again broken out, and that affairs in that country are so serious as to require the continuance on the coast of Admiral Walker's fleet. Nothing can be learned at present from the officials of the department, and the news received indicates a sudden change in the situation, as a cablegram received yesterday from Admiral Walker stated that everything was quiet.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The steamship Venezuela arrived from La Guayra this afternoon and brought the latest news from the Venezuelan revolution. It is now standing now the long struggle is nearing its end and will result in the overthrow of the government which has made such a persistent fight against the reports of General Colina with a force of 6,000 men joined General Crespo, the revolutionary leader, at Valencia Sunday, Sept. 25. This made Crespo's force about 16,000. On Monday, Sept. 26, General Crespo started his forces for Caracas by different routes. The march will occupy from twelve to fifteen days, provided there is no interruption.

BERCHAM'S PILLS sell well because they cure. AFFAIRS IN SAMOA. WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Although Samoa is one of the most insignificant states in the galaxy of nations, yet it occupies a position of considerable importance to the attention of the governments of three of the most powerful countries on earth, those of the United States, Great Britain and Germany. Just now the financial condition of the islands is under consideration.

A recent telegram from Apia said: "Governmental affairs are moving along, though the treasury is nearly empty. Some time ago King Malietoa ordered a small boat from Honolulu, and when the bill therefor, \$500, was presented the king and the secretary of state certified that the amount was correct. The treasurer, however, refused to pay the bill, declaring that he could not honor the account, as he did not have the sum in American or English gold, and the bill had not been paid, and the king's credit is damaged considerably."

This does not accurately describe the situation. Baron Suifu Pilsch, president of the municipal council, treasurer of the crown, and council receiver of customs and land rents, who is the one under the terms of the Berlin treaty, the currency of the United States was made the standard of value for the currency in circulation. But the king's credit is damaged considerably. The result was what might be expected.

All debts were paid in the German coin, and while the king's credit may be somewhat impaired, as the dispatch says, the treasury is far from empty. The baron finds it much easier to induce people to pay a debt with a \$4.76 piece than to induce them to pay with a 20-cent piece. Hence the complication of the baron's bill. This action of the baron is now one of the serious questions of diplomatic correspondence among the governing nations.

The baron must be credited with loyalty to the interests of his country. He is, as against those of the municipality of Apia, the capital city, and officials who know something of the severe strain which an officer with a double salary is subjected, are discussing, with some curiosity, the method of reasoning by which the baron reached the decision in the matter referred to. In four years the customs receipts at Apia, by some inexplicable practice were held to be the property of the municipality.

Baron Suifu Pilsch, after wrestling with the anomaly for some months, came to the conclusion that they belonged to the national treasury. He is now, as municipal, the result being that the revenues of the king, out of which the revenues of the officials created by the treaty of Berlin are paid, are in a very satisfactory condition. How the municipality is progressing is a question for further inquiry.

Another matter at present occupying the attention of the foreign offices of the governments interested is the question of land titles. One of the institutions in Samoa created by the treaty of Berlin is the court, which is said to be really the most satisfactory of all the creations of that conference.

Ex-Governor Omsbø of Vermont is the representative of the United States at the court. To this court was referred the settlement of all titles arising out of transactions prior to the execution of the treaty. His findings to be reviewed by the chief justice. Recently, it is said, the German officials have been endeavoring to use the signatory powers in support of a certain principle to be applied to the settlement of the controversies over titles. The court would be the first principle of the treaty, it is said, to confirm a number of claims by German residents, and at the same time dispossess the chief justice of the power vested in him by the treaty.

So far as known the United States and Great Britain have not yet acceded to the request of the German government. There are about 3,800 little islands in the docket of court. A scheme has been advanced to authorize the chief justice to collect a fee of \$100 for every certificate decreed in these cases, but this has not been approved by the powers that be.

## GOOD COOKING.

Is one of the chief blessings of every home. It is always a good omen, and, as such, is always a good omen. It is always a good omen, and, as such, is always a good omen. It is always a good omen, and, as such, is always a good omen.

## DEPEW ON HOME RULE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The Evening Telegram says that one of the most extraordinary statements made by Mr. Gladstone in his remarkable home rule reply to the duke of Argyll is his declaration that a "gentleman belonging to the Republican party and in the first rank of public distinction in America, told me before the last presidential election that 13,000,000 votes would be cast at it, and that of those

13,000,000, 12,500,000 would be favorable to the cause of home rule in Ireland."

Who is the American in the first rank of public distinction who told the English premier that twenty-five out of every twenty-six votes in America were on the side of an Irish parliament?

The Telegram has been endeavoring since the paper appeared to ascertain, to a certainty, who this gentleman is. Yesterday, by the mere chance, the discovery was made.

The author of the statement, so important and made in its bearing upon the facts presented by Mr. Gladstone, was Chaney M. Depew.

"Yes, I remember making that statement to Mr. Gladstone," said Mr. Depew, when asked about it at his office. "I believed it then, I now firmly believe it now. I was in London at the time. It was about three years ago. My name had been proposed by the Republican state committee for president, and I was invited by Mr. Gladstone to a dinner party, given as a compliment to me. I recall that Mr. Gladstone asked me very pointedly just how Americans regarded his home rule scheme. The answer I replied that out of the 13,000,000 votes at the last presidential election, I did not believe there would be more than 500,000 votes in favor of home rule for Ireland. I supplemented that statement by saying that if the question comes up as a test, I do not believe there are 100,000 people in this entire country opposed to it."

THE AUSTRO-GERMAN RACE. BERLIN, Oct. 5.—Count Starbomberg, an Austrian rider, arrived at the grand in the Templehof field at 7 o'clock this morning, having ridden from the Austrian starting point in 71 hours and 34 minutes, which is three hours better than the time made by Lieutenant Miklos, the first Austrian to finish.

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## NESS CITY NOTES.

NESS CITY, Kan., Oct. 5.—(Special.)—Rev. Mr. Woodson of the Protestant Episcopal church, stationed at Wakeeney, is visiting in this city. He came down on a "safety."

A prairie fire was started east of town Sunday night. Fortunately, the fire was extinguished before it reached the town. The fire was caused by a careless boy who had been playing with matches.

The remains of Joshua Cole Wolf, who died Sunday morning, were interred at the cemetery today. The young man was believed by all who had formed his acquaintance, and his family, to be a person of great promise. He was a native of this city, and his death was a great loss to the community.

A few yellow badges were seen here and there, but where one showed up in full, only the edges of a dozen or more could be detected in the long ribbon. In the hall Chester was frequently interrupted, but he turned each drive to solid benefit for the Republicans. Several yellow badges were taken off during his speech, and it is firmly believed that converts were made.

The "pound social," held at the residence of the Christian mission Monday evening, was well attended, and everyone took a pound or more. One young lady, enroute from Oregon to Southern Kansas, presented a pound of crystallized quartets. The women's club is preparing a thorough canvass, and the world may rest assured that the cause will be "strictly in it" at the exposition.

The Eagle's report regarding the school land made by the county clerk has stirred the natives. The county clerk, under a very appropriate heading, gave vent to his feelings in the News, but was completely knocked out in the next breath by the editor of the News, who let loose such an array of facts that the clerk failed to respond to the call of "time."

BASEBALL. PITTSBURGH, Oct. 5.—The St. Louis-Pittsburgh game was postponed on account of cold weather.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Lombville: Runs 7, bases 3, errors 4; Chicago: Runs 2, bases 1, errors 2; Pitchers—Stratton and Hutchinson.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 5.—Cleveland: Runs 6, bases 7, errors 4; Cincinnati: Runs 4, bases 5, errors 5; Pitchers—Young and Chamberlain. The game was called at the end of the fifth inning on account of cold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—New York: Runs 6, bases 7, errors 5; Brooklyn: Runs 4, bases 8, errors 3; Pitchers—King and Haydock.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—There was no baseball game today, owing to the failure of the Red Sox to arrive in time. The game was therefore forfeited to Washington.

THE PASSING OF TENNYSON. LONDON, Oct. 5.—In an interview at Haslemere, at 4 o'clock, Mr. Dr. Dobbs said that there was not the slightest chance of Tennyson's recovery. Lord Tennyson had always enjoyed a vigorous constitution, he said, which enabled him to make a prodigious amount of work with death. He is now with his wife, and his health is shown signs of life, but he is unconscious.

RAILWAY NOTES. CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Chairman Caldwell has petitioned all the roads in the territory of the Western Passenger association, both members and non-members, to sign an agreement to maintain absolutely the authorized rates on passenger traffic after Oct. 10, and thus check the demoralization caused by the large number of rate-cutters that have cropped up since the meeting of late. A majority of the roads, including the Chicago and Alton, have complied with the request, and have pledged themselves to maintain rates. This is positively the only foundation that exists for the rather sensational story that the Western Passenger association has adopted a new agreement to take the place of the old one.

SULLIVAN'S TALK. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Charles Johnson, the banker of John L. Sullivan, says that the big fellow was defeated as fairly as any man ever was, that he was not drunk and all that sort of thing are enough to make an intelligent man tired.

If Sullivan was not fit, how could he have fought an hour and a half. He is not displaying good judgment in talking of such matters now, and it is a pity that the Western Passenger association has adopted a new agreement to take the place of the old one.

RAILWAY TRACK FOREMEN. KANSAS CITY, Oct. 5.—The International Brotherhood of Railway Track Foremen concluded their annual convention here today. It was decided to meet next year in Atlanta, Ga. Officers were elected as follows: Grand chief, John C. Wilson; vice president, John C. Wilson; secretary, John C. Wilson; treasurer, John C. Wilson; and so on.

MURDER AND ROBBERY. EDWARDS, Mo., Oct. 5.—The bodies of Mr. Watkins, Mr. Davis and a negro (name unknown) were found in this city this morning. They had been murdered and robbed of everything of value. Four negroes, who boarded a west-bound train, are undoubtedly the murderers, and efforts are being made to capture them.

A FATAL QUARREL. KANSAS CITY, Oct. 5.—Harry Bries, an elevator boy in the New England building, and William Bryant, janitor of the same building, quarreled tonight over a girl during the Priests of Pallas parade. Bries drew a revolver and shot Bryant through the body, inflicting a fatal wound.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT. KANSAS CITY, Oct. 5.—While the parade of the Priests of Pallas was passing the junction of the two streets, a man named John C. Wilson, who was driving a horse-drawn carriage, was accidentally shot by a bullet from the parade.

MISSOURI VETERINARIANS. KANSAS CITY, Oct. 5.—Veterinary surgeons from all over Missouri met here today and organized the Missouri State Veterinary Medical association. Dr. C. Wilson, of St. Louis, was chosen president, and Dr. G. B. Black of Kansas City was president. Dr. Walter Warren of Winona was elected secretary, and Dr. William Bell of Kansas City, treasurer.

BELDEN BEATEN. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—In the suit of Congressman James Belden against Judge C. Wilson, Belden and his wife, and the Columbia, Toledo and Hocking Valley railroad, which involves \$50,000, Justice Ingraham handed down a decision this morning, giving judgment for the defendant.

## A QUESTION OF POLITENESS.

London Society is discussing the question whether a man shall take off his hat to a maid servant who is employed in his household, and if not, what shall he do when he chances to meet her. This is easy to answer, he might nod to her familiarly and say